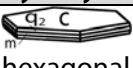
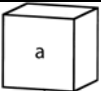



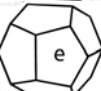
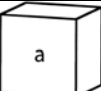

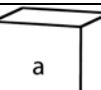

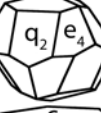
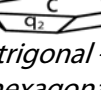


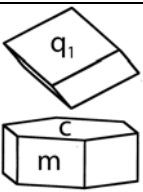
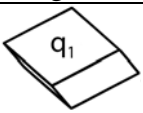






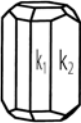



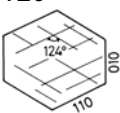
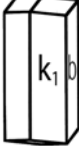
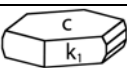
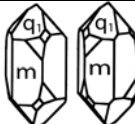

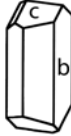

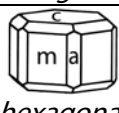


Mineral Category	Mineral name Chem. formula	Colour Streak	Hardness	Lustre Transparency	Cleavage Fracture	Habit Cryst. Syst.	Remarks
Elements	<b>Graphite</b> C	steel grey, black <i>grey to black</i>	1	metallic, dull <i>opaque</i>	5 (excellent) <i>elastic flexible</i>	 hexagonal	colours paper, greasy touch
Sulfides	<b>Galena</b> PbS	lead grey <i>grey to black</i>	2,5-3	metallic <i>opaque</i>	5 (excellent) <i>conchoidal</i>	  <i>cubic</i>	sometimes iridescence
	<b>Chalcopyrite</b> CuFeS <sub>2</sub>	brass yellow <i>Greenish black to black</i>	3,5-4	metallic <i>opaque</i>	1 (indistinct) <i>uneven</i>	 <i>tetragonal</i>	often Iridescence: brownish, blackish, colourful
	<b>Pyrite</b> FeS <sub>2</sub>	bright to bright brass yellow <i>greenish and brownish black</i>	6-6,5	metallic <i>opaque</i>	1 (indistinct) <i>conchoidal</i>	  <i>cubic</i>	often iridescence: golden yellow, brownish, colourful
	<b>Orpiment</b> As <sub>2</sub> S <sub>3</sub>	lemon yellow, brownish yellow, orange yellow <i>pale lemon-yellow</i>	1.5 – 2	resinous, pearly on cleavage surface <i>translucent</i>	2-4 (fair to perfect) <i>uneven</i>	<i>monoclinic</i>	pigment found in wall paintings in Ladakh
Halides	<b>Fluorite</b> CaF <sub>2</sub>	usually coloured, rarely colourless, <i>white</i>	4	glassy <i>transparent to opaque</i>	4 (perfect) <i>uneven</i>	  <i>cubic</i>	often fluorescent, during crushing typical unpleasant odour
	<b>Halite</b> = <b>Salt</b> NaCl	colourless to white, often coloured <i>white</i>	2	vitreous, greasy <i>transparent to opaque</i>	5 (excellent) <i>conchoidal, uneven</i>	 <i>cubic</i>	easily soluble in water, salty taste; cooking salt
Oxides, Hydroxides (cont. next page)	<b>Corundum</b> Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	rarely colourless, often grey, blue, red <i>white</i>	9	vitreous <i>Transparent to opaque</i>	0 (none), <i>conchoidal</i>	 <i>trigonal</i>	varieties: Sapphire (blue), Ruby (red) etc.
	<b>Hematite</b> Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	greyish black <i>bright red to reddish brown</i>	5,5- 6,5	metallic, dull <i>opaque</i>	0 (none) <i>uneven, conchoidal,</i>	  <i>trigonal - hexagonal</i>	pigment found in wall paintings in Ladakh (red ochre)
	<b>Magnetite</b> Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	Ferrous black <i>black</i>	5,5-6	metallic, dull <i>opaque</i>	1 (indistinct) <i>conchoidal,</i>	 <i>cubic</i>	magnetic

Mineral Category	Mineral name Chem. formula	Colour Streak	Hardness	Lustre Transparency	Cleavage Fracture	Habit Cryst. Syst.	Remarks
Oxides, Hydroxides (cont.)	<b>Limonite</b> $\text{FeOOH} \cdot n\text{H}_2\text{O}$	brown to yellow, brownish black <i>braun bis gelb</i>	5-5,5	silky, often dull <i>transparent,</i> <i>mostly opaque</i>	4 (perfect) – difficultly detectable <i>uneven</i>	 <i>orthorhombic</i>	amorphous and cryptocrystalline mixture of Goethite and Lepidocrocite; pigment found in wall paintings in Ladakh (yellow ochre)
Carbonates	<b>Calcite</b> $\text{CaCO}_3$	colourless, often white, grey or coloured <i>white</i>	3	vitreous, silky, pearly <i>transparent to opaque</i>	5 (excellent) <i>conchoidal</i>	 <i>trigonal</i>	strong reaction in cold HCl (10%)
	<b>Dolomite</b> $\text{CaMg}[\text{CO}_3]_2$	colourless, white, often yellowish <i>white</i>	3,5-4	vitreous <i>transparent to translucent</i>	4 (perfect) <i>conchoidal</i>	 <i>trigonal</i>	hardly any reaction in cold HCl (10%)
	<b>Malachite</b> $\text{Cu}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{OH})_2$	green, dark green, blackish green <i>light green</i>	3.5-4	vitreous - silky <i>Translucent to opaque</i>	2 – 4 (fair to perfect) <i>uneven</i>	<i>monoclinic</i>	pigment found in wall paintings in Ladakh
	<b>Azurite</b> $\text{Cu}_3[\text{CO}_3]_2(\text{OH})_2$	azure blue, blue, light blue, dark blue <i>light blue</i>	3.5-4	vitreous <i>transparent to subtranslucent</i>	2 – 4 (fair to perfect) <i>Brittle - conchoidal</i>	<i>monoclinic</i>	pigment found in wall paintings in Ladakh
Sulfates	<b>Baryte</b> $\text{BaSO}_4$	Colourless, white, often pale pink <i>white</i>	3-3,5	vitreous, greasy looking <i>often translucent to opaque</i>	3 (good) <i>uneven, conchoidal</i>	 <i>orthorhombic</i>	high density, platelike habitus
	<b>Anhydrite</b> $\text{CaSO}_4$	colourless, white to grey <i>white to greyish white</i>	3-3,5	vitreous <i>transparent to translucent</i>	3 - 4 (good to perfect) <i>conchoidal</i>	 <i>orthorhombic</i>	Fractures into nearly dice shaped grains
	<b>Gypsum</b> $\text{CaSO}_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$	colourless, whitish grey, yellow <i>white</i>	1,5-2	Vitreous <i>Transparent, translucent, opaque</i>	5 (excellent) <i>conchoidal, fibrous</i>	 <i>monoclinic</i>	Varieties: Selenite (glasslike), Alabaster (fine grained); efflorescence
	<b>Mirabilite</b> $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4 \cdot 10\text{H}_2\text{O}$	colourless, white <i>white</i>	1,5-2	Vitreous <i>Transparent, translucent, opaque</i>	4 (perfect) <i>conchoidal</i>	<i>monoclinic</i>	easily soluble in water; efflorescence
	<b>Thenardite</b> $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$	White <i>white</i>	2.5	vitreous, greasy <i>transparent</i>	4 (perfect) <i>Splintery</i>	<i>orthorhombic</i>	easily soluble in water; efflorescence
	<b>Epsomite</b> $\text{MgSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$	colourless, white <i>white</i>	2-2.5	vitreous <i>Transparent to translucent</i>	4 (perfect) <i>Acicular</i>	<i>orthorhombic</i>	easily soluble in water; efflorescence, bitter taste

Mineral Category	Mineral name Chem. formula	Colour Streak	Hardness	Lustre Transparency	Cleavage Fracture	Habit Cryst. Syst.	Remarks
Silicates and Quartz	<b>Olivine</b> $(\text{Mg,Fe})_2[\text{SiO}_4]$	pale green, oliv <i>white</i>	6,5-7	prism surfaces vitreous, fractured surfaces waxy <i>transparent to translucent</i>	2-3 (fair to good) <i>conchoidal</i>	 <i>ortho-rhombic</i>	"saccharoidal" appearance
	<b>Chrysotile = Asbestos</b> $\text{Mg}_3(\text{Si}_2\text{O}_5)(\text{OH})_4$	green <i>white</i>	2.5	silky <i>translucent</i>	0 (none) <i>fibrous</i>	<i>monoclinic</i>	
	<b>Lizardite</b> $\text{Mg}_3(\text{Si}_2\text{O}_5)(\text{OH})_4$	green, green blue, yellow, <i>white</i>	2.5	silky <i>translucent</i>	4 (perfect)	<i>triclinic</i>	found in "Karsi"
	<b>Garnet</b> $\text{X}_3\text{Y}_2[\text{SiO}_4]_3$ X = Mg, Fe <sup>2+</sup> , Mn <sup>2+</sup> , Ca Y = Al, Fe <sup>3+</sup> , Cr <sup>3+</sup> , V <sup>3+</sup>	very variable dependent on composition <i>white</i>	6,5-7,5	vitreous to resinous <i>translucent to opaque</i>	1 (indistinct) <i>conchoidal, splintery</i>	 <i>cubic</i>	varieties: Pyrope (MgAl; dark red), Almandine (Fe Al; brown red), Spessartine (Mn Al; brown), Grossular (Ca Al; pale green), Uwarowite (Ca Cr; green) etc.
	<b>Kyanite (Disthen)</b> $\text{Al}_2[\text{O}/\text{SiO}_4]$	clear blue, whitish <i>white</i>	4-4,5 and 6-7	vitreous <i>transparent to translucent</i>	2 und 4 (fair to perfect) <i>uneven</i>	 <i>triclinic</i>	anisotropic hardness
	<b>Topaz</b> $\text{Al}_2[\text{F}_2/\text{SiO}_4]$	clear (if no impurities), blue, brown, orange, gray, yellow, pink, reddish pink and green <i>white</i>	8	vitreous <i>transparent to translucent</i>	4 (perfect) <i>conchoidal</i>	 <i>ortho-rhombic</i>	
	<b>Tourmaline</b> $\text{XY}_3\text{Z}_6 [(\text{OH})_4/(\text{BO}_3)_3/\text{Si}_6\text{O}_{18}]$ X = Na, Ca Y = Al, Fe <sup>2+</sup> , Fe <sup>3+</sup> , Mg, Ti <sup>4+</sup> , Cr <sup>3+</sup> Z = Al, Fe <sup>3+</sup> , Mn	very variable according to composition <i>white</i>	7	vitreous <i>transparent to translucent</i>	0 (none), <i>conchoidal, uneven, splintery</i>	 <i>trigonal</i>	varieties: Schorl (black), Dravite (brown), Elbaite (green) etc.
	<b>Pyroxene</b> $\text{XY}[\text{Z}_2\text{O}_6]$ X = Li, Na <sup>+</sup> , Ca <sup>+</sup> , Fe <sup>2+</sup> , Mg Y = Fe <sup>2+</sup> , Fe <sup>3+</sup> , Mg, Mn, Ti, Al, Cr <sup>3+</sup> Z = Si <sup>4+</sup> , Al <sup>3+</sup>	often black, greenish and brownish black <i>Not very characteristic: greyish green or brown, white</i>	5,5-7	vitreous <i>Opaque, rarely translucent</i>	2-3 (fair - good), angle of cleavage planes +/- 90°  <i>conchoidal, uneven</i>	 <i>monoclinic</i>	often more stocky habit and more dull fracture plains than Amphiboles

Mineral Category	Mineral name Chem. formula	Colour Streak	Hardness	Lustre Transparency	Cleavage Fracture	Habit Cryst. Syst.	Remarks
	<b>Amphibole</b> $A_{0-1}B_2C_5[(OH, F)_2/T_8O_{22}]$ A = Na <sup>+</sup> , K <sup>+</sup> B = Ca <sup>2+</sup> , Na <sup>+</sup> , Mg <sup>2+</sup> , Fe <sup>2+</sup> , Mn <sup>2+</sup> C = Mg <sup>2+</sup> , Fe <sup>2+</sup> , Mn <sup>2+</sup> , Al <sup>3+</sup> , Fe <sup>3+</sup> , Ti <sup>4+</sup> , T = Si <sup>4+</sup> , Al <sup>3+</sup>	often black, greenish and brownish black <i>Not very characteristic: greyish green, yellow or brown, white</i>	5-6	vitreous <i>opaque</i>	4 (perfect) angle of cleavage planes +/- 120°  <i>uneven</i>	 <i>monoclinic</i>	often more columnar habit than Pyroxenes
	<b>Talc</b> $Mg_3[(OH)_2/Si_4O_{10}]$	Bright green, white, grey, yellowish <i>white</i>	1	waxy, pearly, dull <i>translucent</i>	5 (excellent) <i>uneven</i>	<i>monoclinic</i>	greasy touch
	<b>Muscovite = white mica</b> $KAl_2(OH)_2AlSi_3O_{10}$	colourless, silvery, yellowish, greenish <i>white</i>	2-2,5		5 (excellent) <i>micaceous</i>	 <i>monoclinic</i>	easily delaminated
	<b>Biotite = dark mica</b> $K(Mg,Fe)_3(OH)_2(Al,Fe)Si_3O_{10}$	black, dark brown, dark green <i>white</i>	2,5-3	pearly <i>translucent to opaque</i>	5 (excellent) <i>micaceous</i>	<i>monoclinic</i>	easily delaminated; golden weathering colour
	<b>Quartz</b> $SiO_2$	colourless, often white to grey, various colours <i>white</i>	7	prism surfaces vitreous, fractured surfaces waxy to dull <i>transparent, to opaque</i>	0 (none) <i>conchoidal, also granular, splintery fibrous</i>	 <i>trigonal</i>	many varieties: rock cryst., Citrine, Onyx, Agate, Amethyste, smoky quartz, rose quartz, Chalcedony, Carnelian, Jasper, Chrysoprase etc.
	<b>Opal</b> $SiO_2 \cdot nH_2O$	colourless, diverse colourations <i>white</i>	5,5-6,5	vitreous, dull waxy, <i>opaque to transparent</i>	0 (none) <i>conchoidal</i>	<i>amorphous no crystals</i>	amorphous, glasslike and dense material, opalescent!
	<b>Orthoclase = alkali feldspar</b> $K[AlSi_3O_8]$	reddish, yellow, white <i>white</i>	6	vitreous <i>opaque</i>	3-4 (good – perfect) cleav. planes angle 90° <i>conchoidal</i>	 <i>monoclinic</i>	typically displays carlsbad twinning, fractures in right angles
	<b>Plagioclase</b> Albite (Ab): $Na[AlSi_3O_8]$ Anorthite (An): $Ca[Al_2Si_2O_8]$	white, grey, greenish, yellowish <i>white</i>	6-6,5	vitreous <i>translucent</i>	4 (perfect) angle of cleav. planes 86°-88° <i>conchoidal</i>	 <i>triclinic</i>	often polysynthetic twinning
	<b>Leucite</b> $K[AlSi_2O_6]$	white, grey, colourless <i>white</i>	5,5-6	glassy waxy <i>translucent to opaque</i>	0 (none) <i>conchoidal, uneven</i>	 <i>tetragonal</i>	does not occur together with quartz
	<b>Nepheline = nephelinite</b> $Na[AlSiO_4]$	colourless, white <i>white</i>	5,5-6	vitreous on prism surfaces, waxy on fract. <i>translucent to opaque</i>	0-1 (none to indistinct) <i>conchoidal</i>	 <i>hexagonal</i>	does not occur together with quartz
	<b>Lazurite = Lapis Lazuli</b> $Na_3CaAl_3Si_3O_{12}S$	blue <i>light blue</i>	5.5	vitreous - dull <i>translucent</i>	1 (indistinct) <i>conchoidal</i>	<i>cubic</i>	does not occur together with quartz